Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils. It outlines our pupil premium



strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Downlands Community School
Number of pupils in school	224 (excluding pre-school)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	3% (7 pupils)
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	Sept 2022 - 2023
Date this statement was published	January 23 rd 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	9/7/24
Statement authorised by	Mr J Rielly
Pupil premium lead	Mr J Rielly
Governor / Trustee lead	Mr Keith Dawson

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£15,235 (based on 11 eligible pupils at the time)
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£1,000
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£16,235

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

The most important support that could be offered to a disadvantaged child is an excellent education to allow them to realise their full potential. Nevertheless, Maslow's hierarchy of need should also be considered in terms of providing the right foundations for children to prosper in school. Our principles are to make sure that fundamental needs are in place, particularly around emotional literacy and mental health alongside the support that might be needed to address academic gaps.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Speech and language gaps Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils. These are evident from Reception through to KS2 and in general, are more prevalent among our disadvantaged pupils than their peers.
2	Maths fluency and confidence Assessments indicate that maths progress among disadvantaged pupils is significantly below that of the national norms. Furthermore, parent surveys have suggested that there is less confidence in these parents to support learning at home.
3	Writing Assessments, observations, and discussions suggest that pupils have been detrimentally affected by the over prevalence on screen based learning, necessitated by remote learning and lockdown. As such there are gaps in terms of basic fine motor skills as well as sentence and text level skills.
4	Reading Assessments, observations, and discussions suggest disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics than their peers. This negatively impacts their development as readers.
5	Emotional health From our observations and discussions with pupils and families we have identified that social and emotional issues are a significant challenge for many pupils, notably due a lack of enrichment opportunities during school closure. These challenges particularly affect disadvantaged pupils, including their attainment. Furthermore, the experience of lockdown and remote learning has fundamentally affected the engagement with and attendance at school for some of our most vulnerable pupils.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
54 children identified (including 60% of Pupil Premium eligible) for catch-up tuition in Maths and English make progress.	Tutors can evidence that pupils in receipt of 1:2 or 1:3 tuition have made progress towards curricular targets identified.
Children identified for wave 1 – 3 interventions in school are making progress towards gaps identified in reading/ writing / maths and other core skills such as speech and language, fine motor and gross motor.	School staff use APDR interventions which can evidence children making progress towards identified targets.
Pupils with gaps in speech and language skills are better enabled and supported through improved wave 1 and wave 2 intervention: improved scaffolding and resource preparation; better assessment of need.	Class teachers can evidence that pupils in receipt of 1:2 or 1:3 tuition have made progress towards curricular targets.
Children at risk of missing out on education through SEMH or ASC needs are supported to thrive better in our mainstream setting, through a timely wave 3 interventions, including episodic alternative provision.	Planned interventions, either inn school or with outside agencies and alternative provision, have a positive impact on measures such as attendance, FTEs and individual behaviour plans.
Children's emotional health is supported at a universal and targeted level.	Pupils in receipt of ELSA and/or EMHP support are shown to be engaging well and adopting strategies to help them communicate their emotions and take positive actions to self-solve, with support from professionals.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £11,390

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach
CPD for maths fluency and improved Number Sense £0	The school is part of NCETM maths hub research led programme to improve maths pedagogy. In addition to the costs associated with this four year programme, the school has joined another pilot project linked to improving children's
Investment in maths manipulative resources following on from mastery maths training £100	The school is part of NCETM maths hub research led programme to improve maths pedagogy.
Training for 2 x TA's in	Education evidence (EEF) +4 months impact
Numeracy Difficulties/Dyscalculia	The average impact of the deployment of teaching assistants is about an additional four months' progress over the course of a year.
£100	Research which focuses on teaching assistants who provide one to one or small group targeted interventions shows a stronger positive benefit of between four and six additional months on average. Often interventions are based on a clearly specified approach which teaching assistants have been trained to deliver.
System leadership CPD from Diocese of Salisbury Academy Trust £500	Supporting high quality teaching is pivotal in improving children's outcomes. Indeed, research tells us that high quality teaching can narrow the disadvantage gap. PD has great potential; but it also comes with costs. We know that teachers engage in professional development activities whilst balancing multiple and, at times, competing commitments and time pressures. The need is clear, therefore, for PD to be well-designed, selected, and implemented so that the investment is justified.
Development of new	Education evidence (EEF) +5 months impact
phonics scheme through continued	The average impact of the adoption of phonics approaches is about an additional five months' progress over the course of a year.
training of staff. £4,140 Investment in Early Reading Books to better align with phonics scheme £2,350	Phonics approaches have been consistently found to be effective in supporting younger pupils to master the basics of reading, with an average impact of an additional five months' progress. Research suggests that phonics is particularly beneficial for younger learners (4–7 year olds) as they begin to read. Teaching phonics is more effective on average than other approaches to early reading (such as whole language or alphabetic approaches), though it should be emphasised that effective phonics techniques are usually embedded in a rich literacy environment for early readers and are only one part of a successful literacy strategy.
2 days per year cover for middle leaders to	Extracts from NCSL think piece by Dr Tony Bush:

develop curriculum areas	"Middle level leaders are central to the improvement of
£4,200	educational standards. They carry out a wide range of responsibilities critical to the effective operation of schools."
	"All the research evidence shows that the major problem facing middle leaders is a lack of time to carry out the work required of the role. Typically, they receive only one or two hours per week for this work, over and above the non-contact time available to other teachers."

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £17,366

+Activity	Evidence that supports this approach
NTP catch up tuition for maths (1:3) for 45 (6 pupil premium) children £12,150	Education evidence (EEF) +5 months impact Evidence suggests tuition should be additional to, but explicitly linked with, normal teaching, and that teachers should monitor progress to ensure the tutoring is beneficial. Studies comparing one to one with small group tuition show mixed results. In some cases, one to one tuition has led to greater improvement, while in others tuition in groups of two or three has been equally or even more effective. The variability in findings may suggest it is the particular type or quality of teaching enabled by very small groups that is important, rather than the precise size of the group.
NTP catch up tuition for English (1:3) for 9 children (3 pupil premium) £2,430	Education evidence (EEF) +5 months impact Evidence suggests tuition should be additional to, but explicitly linked with, normal teaching, and that teachers should monitor progress to ensure the tutoring is beneficial. Studies comparing one to one with small group tuition show mixed results. In some cases one to one tuition has led to greater improvement, while in others tuition in groups of two or three has been equally or even more effective. The variability in findings may suggest it is the particular type or quality of teaching enabled by very small groups that is important, rather than the precise size of the group.
SENSS specialist teacher £1,600	Specific reports of impact from experienced former LA adviser, relating to diagnosis, strategy plans and summary reports which improve progress and transition for SPLD pupils on the SEN register.
Lexia license for supporting school led interventions for SPLD (English) pupils £1,186	Education Endowment Foundation (EEF) Lexia Evaluation Report on KS1 Struggling Readers: 'Children offered Lexia made the equivalent of two additional months' progress in reading, on average, compared to other children. These results have a high security rating'

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £3,842

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach
Specialist alternative provision for pupils vulnerable to CME or FTE at Personalised Learning Dorset for 2 children £2,772	Impact on pupils who have previously used this facility from our school. The negative impacts of children who miss out on education or who receive FTEs is overwhelmingly negative.
Arts Week	Education evidence (EEF) +3 months impact
£850	Overall, the average impact of arts participation on other areas of academic learning appears to be positive but moderate, about an additional three months progress.
	Improved outcomes have been identified in English, mathematics and science. Benefits have been found in both primary and secondary schools.
	Some arts activities have been linked with improvements in specific outcomes. For example, there is some evidence of the impact of drama on writing and potential link between music and spatial awareness.
	Wider benefits such as more positive attitudes to learning and increased well-being have also consistently been reported
Social and emotional learning programmes: Training for ICPS Girls on Board £220	Education evidence (EEF) +4 months impact The average impact of successful SEL interventions is an additional four months' progress over the course of a year. Alongside academic outcomes, SEL interventions have an identifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school.
	Although SEL interventions are almost always perceived to improve emotional or attitudinal outcomes, not all interventions are equally effective at raising attainment. Improvements appear more likely when SEL approaches are embedded into routine educational practices and supported by professional development and training for staff. In addition, the implementation of the programme and the degree to which teachers are committed to the approach appear to be important.

Total budgeted cost: £32,598

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

Of the 9 children identified for small group catch up tuition in English, 88% made good progress with the other children making excellent progress as a result of the 15 hours of 1:3 tuition.

Of the 45 children identified for small group catch up tuition in Math, 82% made good progress with the other children making excellent progress as a result of the 15 hours of 1:3 tuition.

75% of disadvantaged children [8 children] made progress in reading according to teacher assessments compared with 91% of non-disadvantaged [183 children].

63% of disadvantaged children [8 children made progress in writing according to teacher assessments compared with 87% of non-disadvantaged [183 children].

63% of disadvantaged children [8 children made progress in maths according to teacher assessments compared with 93% of non-disadvantaged [183 children].

Furthermore, disadvantaged pupils achieved an attendance of 94%, compared with 94% for nondisadvantaged groups.

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	Downlands School has a high proportion of children eligible for services premium (97%).
	As such, it apportions the vast majority of the allocated fund to support the salary of additional teaching assistants who achieve a direct impact on the school experience for services children:
	HLTA/ELSA
	The school maintains 4 dpw ELSA provision which softens the impact of high mobility in services in terms of: loss of friendships; low self- esteem/confidence; coping with absent parents; impact of possible PTSD experienced by a parent. The ELSA offers structured 6 – 8 week programmes of support as well as on-going nurture where a need is identified
	Family support groups for parents
	The HLTA and Assistant Headteacher plan and deliver termly self-help and support groups for parents which seek to strengthen understanding of approaches used in school, particularly for those children with additional needs and for parents new to the school community.

Service pupil premium funding

	Senior Teaching Assistant Having recently gone through a redundancy and restructuring process befitting the falling roll of the school. Nevertheless, it has invested in a senior TA to accomplish the following: allow for dynamic grouping where class sizes are large: support the HLTA in delivering pastoral support for pupils; support the assistant heateacher in delivering on extra-curricular events and celebrations throughout the year.
	The school also invests over and above in resources that facilitate children who have recently arrived to the school, so that they have a differentiated approach with their learning, reflecting their contrasting starting points. For example, having already invested significantly in enough iPads for each KS2 pupil, the school now invests significantly in the ongoing upkeep of these machines. It also invests in an annual license for adaptive online software such as TTRS, Mathletics and Edshed.
	The school has also recently operated and maintained a minibus (to the end of 22/23 year) to enrich learning and allow for extra-curricular visits of small groups. It also subsidises school uniform from a school based 'shop', keeping prices low for families and maintaining a stock of 2 nd hand supplies for those in financial hardship.
What was the impact of that spending on	In a year when the school was closed for several weeks due to COVID-19, services children achieved the following:
service pupil premium eligible pupils?	 91% making on or above expected progress in reading
	87% making on or above expected progress in writing
	 92% making on or above expected progress in maths
	Furthermore, attendance of services children during this year was 94% compared to national levels of 92.5%
	Of the 8 services children identified for small group catch up tuition in English, 94% made good progress as a result of the 15 hours of 1:3 tuition.
	Of the 40 services children identified for small group catch up tuition in Maths,
	90% made good progress as a result of the 15 hours of 1:3 tuition.